



Scopus: encuentra las publicaciones más citadas

27 de octubre de 2015

¿Qué es Scopus?

- **Scopus es la mayor base de datos de resúmenes y citas**, de literatura peer-reviewed y contenido web de calidad con herramientas para el seguimiento, análisis y visualización de la investigación.

53.3M registros de **21,912** serial titles and **30,000** libros

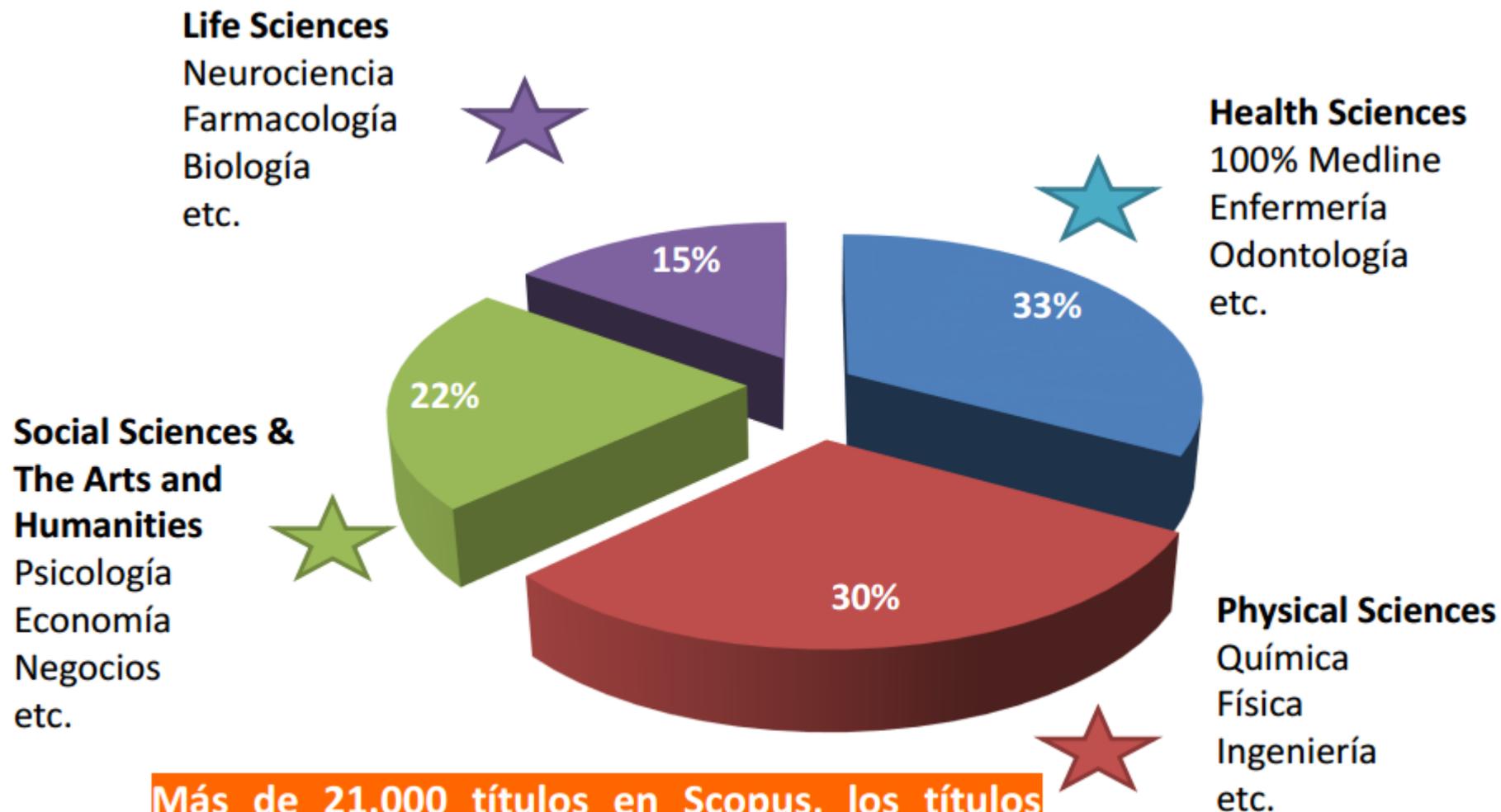
21.3M registros anteriores al 1996 | 32.0M post 1995

- Contenido de > 5,000 publicaciones
- “Articles in Press” de > 3,750 titles
- Títulos de más de 105 países diferentes en todas las regiones geográficas
- 40 idiomas “locales” cubiertos
- Más de 2,800 Gold Open Access journals indexados



- En desarrollo desde 2002 y creada en colaboración con 30 instituciones internacionales, Scopus fue lanzado en Noviembre de 2004
- Existe un grupo encargado de revisar y verificar la calidad de las publicaciones antes de integrarlas en Scopus, el Content Selection and Advisory Board (CSAB)
- El diseño está centrado en el usuario: tanto en términos de diseño como funcionalidad

Scopus: cobertura temática



Más de 21.000 títulos en Scopus, los títulos pueden estar en más de una área

¿Cómo accedemos a Scopus?

Introducimos en la caja de búsqueda *Scopus* y pinchamos  .



Catálogo Cisne

scopus 

Búsqueda avanzada

Libros, revistas, tesis, bases de datos, materiales audiovisuales etc., suscritos o localizados en la Universidad Complutense y en la AECID. Incluye los servicios personalizados que ofrece la biblioteca: renovaciones, reservas, historial de préstamos, etc.

Scopus [Recurso electrónico]

Amsterdam : Elsevier, 2013-

Ubicación: Bca.Digital Complutense



[Acceso al recurso, texto completo o información adicional](#)

 [Otros recursos](#)

Scopus: tutoriales y guías

The screenshot displays the Scopus search interface. At the top, there are navigation links for 'Scopus', 'SciVal', 'Register', 'Login', and 'Help'. The 'Biblioteca Complutense' logo is visible in the top right. Below the navigation bar, there are tabs for 'Search', 'Alerts', 'My list', and 'My Scopus'. A banner for 'Open Access indicator for journals indexed in Scopus.' is present. The main search area includes a search bar with the placeholder text 'Search for...' and an example 'Eg., "heart attack" AND stress'. The search criteria are set to 'Article Title, Abstract, Keywords'. Below the search bar, there are filters for 'Date Range (inclusive)' (Published, All years, Present), 'Document Type' (ALL), and 'Subject Areas' (Life Sciences, Health Sciences, Physical Sciences, Social Sciences & Humanities). On the right side, there are promotional links for 'Learn more about how to Improve Scopus', 'Stay up-to-date on Scopus. Follow @Scopus on Twitter', 'Watch tutorials and learn how to make Scopus work for you', 'Get citation alerts pushed straight to your inbox', and 'Get started with Scopus APIs'. At the bottom, there are links for 'About Scopus', 'Language' (日本語に切り替える, 切换到简体中文, 切换到繁体中文), 'Customer Service' (Help and Contact, Live Chat), and 'About Elsevier' (Terms and Conditions, Privacy Policy). The Elsevier logo is also visible.

Tutoriales:

[http://help.elsevier.com/app/answers/detail/a_id/3706/p/8150/incidents.c\\$portal_accoun_t_name/12038](http://help.elsevier.com/app/answers/detail/a_id/3706/p/8150/incidents.c$portal_accoun_t_name/12038)

Material de formación de la FECYT:

<https://www.recursoscientificos.fecyt.es/servicios/formacion/material>

Funcionalidades básicas en Scopus

- Registro y creación de un **perfil personal**
- **Búsqueda de documentos**
- **Refinar resultados**
- **Trabajar con los resultados**
- Opciones de **exportación**:
 - ✓ **Crear una bibliografía** (bibliography)
 - ✓ **E-mail**
 - ✓ **Imprimir**
 - ✓ **Exportar**
- **Consultar las fuentes**

Registro y creación de un perfil personal

1

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2

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[OpenAthens login](#)

Login via your institution

[Other Institution login](#)

Remote Access Activation

[Click here to activate](#)

Tu Perfil Personal te permite:

- Guardar búsquedas
- Crear alertas de búsqueda
- Crear alertas de cita para los artículos que seleccionas
- Guardar listas de artículos seleccionados
- Guarde tus propios grupos de nombres de autor
- Pedir correcciones de tu Perfil de Autor

Diferentes opciones de búsqueda

- **Búsqueda de documentos:**
 - ✓ Recomendado para la mayoría de usuarios
- **Búsqueda de autor:**
 - ✓ Recomendado para buscar información sobre autores específicos, sus artículos y citas
- **Búsqueda de afiliación:**
 - ✓ Recomendado para revisar la trayectoria de investigación de una institución
- **Búsqueda avanzada:**
 - ✓ Recomendado para bibliotecarios y usuarios expertos en la construcción de búsquedas complejas

Búsqueda de autor

- ¿Cómo distinguir los artículos de un autor con los de otro autor con el mismo nombre?
- ¿Cómo agrupar los artículos de un autor cuando su nombre ha sido registrado de diferentes maneras? (ej. Stambrook, P y Stambrook, P.J.)
- En otras bases de datos, estos problemas nos pueden llevar a recuperar resultados inexactos o incorrectos
- El **Scopus Author Identifier** ha sido desarrollado para hacer frente a éste problema.

La solución al problema

Scopus hace frente a estos problemas analizando todos los datos disponibles como...

- Nombres de Autor
- Afiliación
- Co-autores
- Auto citas
- Título de la fuente
- Áreas temáticas

...y usa todos estos datos para agrupar todos los artículos que pertenezcan a un mismo autor.

Perfil de Autor

Cada autor con más de 1 artículo en Scopus tiene un perfil de autor:

- ✓ Variaciones en sus nombres agrupadas
- ✓ La afiliación más reciente
- ✓ Número de artículos en Scopus y las citas que han recibido
- ✓ Lista de co-autores
- ✓ Índice h del Autor

Ruilope, Luís Miguel
Unidad de Hipertensión, Madrid, Spain
Author ID: 36039926200

Documents: 747
Citations: 29229 total citations by 21823 documents
h-index: 68
Co-authors: 150 (maximum 150 co-authors can be displayed)
Subject area: Medicine, Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology

747 Documents | Cited by 21823 documents | 150 co-authors

Ambulatory Blood Pressure Monitoring in the Diagnosis, Prognosis, and Management of Resistant Hypertension: Still a Matter of our Resistance?	Lazaridis, A.A., Sarafidis, P.A., Ruilope, L.M.	2015	Current Hypertension Reports	0
Prediction of development and maintenance of high albuminuria during chronic renin-angiotensin suppression by plasma proteomics	Baldan-Martin, M., De La Cuesta, F., Alvarez-Llamas, G., (...), Ruilope, L.M., Barderas, M.G.	2015	International Journal of Cardiology	0

Show documents | View citation overview | **Request to merge authors**

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Ruilope, Luís Miguel 1 Ruilope, Luis M. Ruilope, Luis Miguel Ruilope, Luis M	747	Medicine ; Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology ; Pharmacology, Toxicology and Pharmaceutics; ...	Unidad de Hipertensión
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Ruilope, Luis Miguel 2 Ruilope, Luis M. Ruilope, Luis Ruilope, L.	7	Medicine ; Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology	Hospital 12 Octubre

El botón **Request to merge authors** permite a los autores agrupar sus perfiles.

ORCID



- ORCID procura un registro único de identificador para cada investigador que sirve de forma transparente como método para enlazar a cada persona con sus actividades investigadoras.
- Un ORCID iD es un identificador único y persistente que se mantiene para cada individuo a lo largo de toda su carrera, independientemente de las instituciones en las que desarrolle su actividad, y aparece con una forma como ésta: **“0000-0233-0447-349X”**



Ruilope, Luís Miguel

Unidad de Hipertensión, Madrid, Spain

Author ID: 36039926200

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Documents: 747

Citations: total citations by 21823 documents

h-index: 68

Co-authors: 150 (maximum 150 co-authors can be displayed)

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747 Documents | Cited by 21823 documents | 150 co-authors

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Ambulatory Blood Pressure Monitoring in the Diagnosis, Prognosis, and Management of Resistant Hypertension: Still a Matter of our Resistance?	Lazaridis, A.A., Sarafidis, P.A., Ruilope, L.M.	2015	Current Hypertension Reports	0
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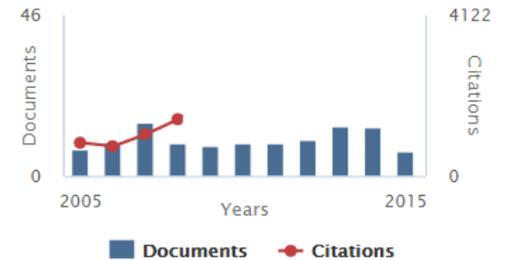
[Link to Full Text](#)

Prediction of development and maintenance of high albuminuria during chronic renin-angiotensin suppression by plasma proteomics	Baldan-Martin, M., De La Cuesta, F., Alvarez-Llamas, G., (...), Ruilope, L.M., Barderas, M.G.	2015	International Journal of Cardiology	0
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[Link to Full Text](#)

Modification over time of pulse wave velocity parallel to changes in aortic BP, as well as in 24-h ambulatory brachial BP	Oliveras, A., Segura, J., Suarez, C., (...), Ruilope, L.M., de la Sierra, A.	2015	Journal of Human Hypertension	0
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[Article in Press](#)



Author History

Publication range: 1973 - Present

References: 12138

Source history:

Cardiorenal Syndrome: Mechanisms, Risk and Treatment [View documents](#)

Anales de medicina interna (Madrid, Spain : 1984) [View documents](#)

Medicina Clinica [View documents](#)

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Documents: 51,694
Authors: 14,258
Patent results: 204

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Documents by source

Documents	Documents	Documents
2,071	Lecture Notes in Computer Science Including Subseries Lecture Notes in Artificial Intelligence and Lecture Notes in Bioinformatics	649
1,198	Journal of Chemical Physics	411
695	Physical Review B Condensed Matter and Materials Physics	325
657	Astronomy and Astrophysics	265
653	Physical Review Letters	239

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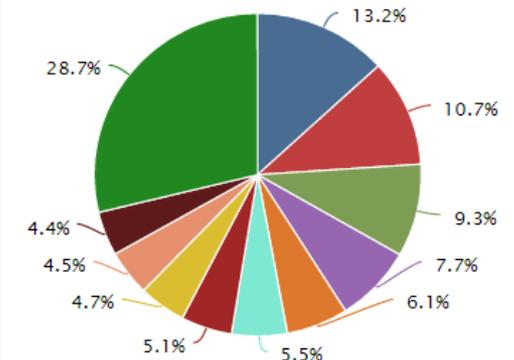
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Documents by subject area

Chart

Table



Medicine
 Physics and Astronomy
 Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology
 Chemistry
 Agricultural and Biological Sciences
 Mathematics

Métricas en Scopus: SJR, SNIP, IPP

Equine Veterinary Journal

Subject Area: Medicine
Veterinary: Equine
Publisher: British Equine Veterinary Ass
ISSN: 0425-1644
Scopus Coverage Years: from 1971 to Present

Journal Metrics

Scopus Journal Metrics offer the value of context with their citation metrics for direct comparison of journals, independent of their subject field. www.journalmetrics.com.

SJR (SCImago Journal Rank) (2014) : 0.908
IPP (Impact per Publication) (2014) : 1.574
SNIP (Source Normalized Impact per Paper) (2014) : 1.282

 [Compare with other journals](#)

SJR, IPP, and SNIP

SJR = SCImago Journal Rank is weighted by the prestige of a journal. Subject field, quality and reputation of the journal have a direct effect on the value of a citation. SJR also normalizes for differences in citation behavior between subject fields.

IPP = Impact per Publication (IPP) measures the ratio of citations per article published in the journal.

SNIP = Source Normalized Impact per Paper measures contextual citation impact by weighting citations based on the total number of citations in a subject field.

Altmetrics



Lancet

Volume 352, Issue 9131, 12 September 1998, Pages 837-853

Intensive blood-glucose control with sulphonylureas or insulin conventional treatment and risk of complications in patients with (UKPDS 33) (Article)

Turner, R.

UKPDS Group, Diabetes Research Laboratories, Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford OX2 6HE, United Kingdom

Abstract

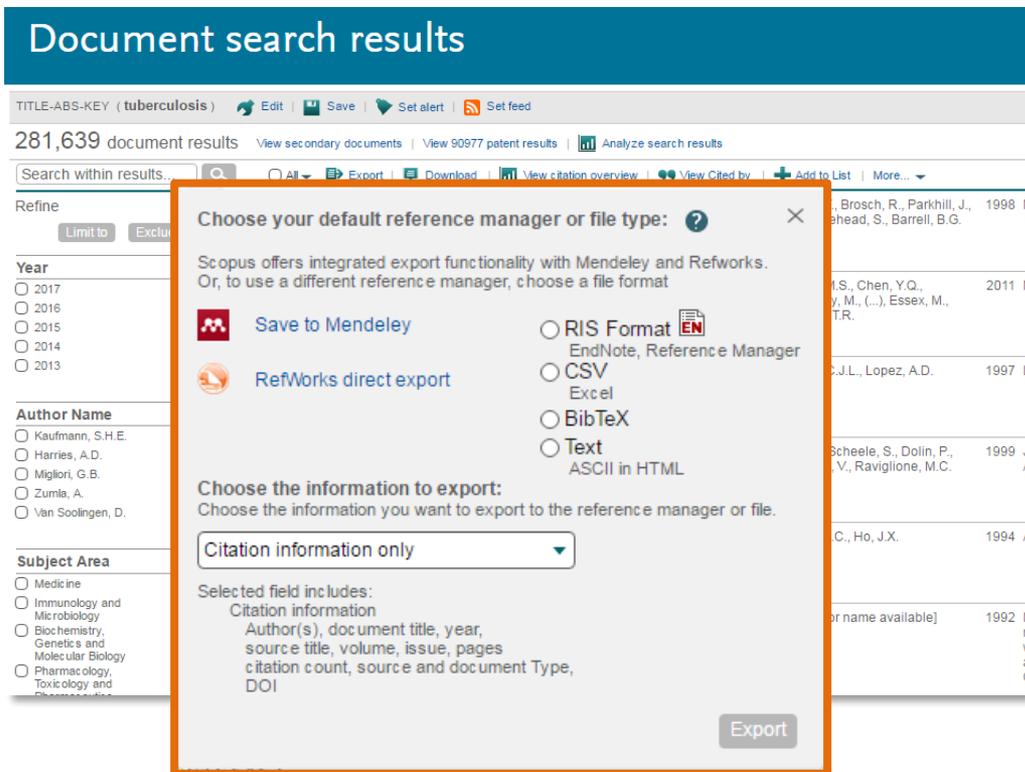
Background: Improved blood-glucose control decreases the progression of diabetic microvascular complications, but the extent to which macrovascular complications is unknown. There is concern that sulphonylureas may increase cardiovascular risk in patients with type 2 diabetes and that high insulin concentrations may enhance atheroma formation. We compared intensive blood-glucose control with either sulphonylurea or insulin and conventional treatment on the risk of complications in patients with type 2 diabetes in a randomised controlled trial. In 5102 patients with type 2 diabetes, median age 54 years (IQR 48-60 years), who after 3 months' diabetes treatment had fasting plasma glucose (FPG) concentrations of 6.1-15.0 mmol/L were randomly assigned intensive treatment with either sulphonylureas (n=2536) or insulin (n=2566) or with conventional policy with diet. The primary outcome was the number of years that patients spent at a glycaemic level of less than 7.0 mmol/L. The secondary outcomes were the rates of complications: microvascular (eye, kidney, and nerve damage); macrovascular (myocardial infarction, stroke, and peripheral vascular disease); and all-cause mortality. All outcomes were assessed by independent reviewers. The intensive treatment groups spent significantly more time at a glycaemic level of less than 7.0 mmol/L than the conventional group (mean difference 1.9 years, 95% CI 1.7-2.1, p<0.0001). The rates of microvascular complications were significantly lower in the intensive treatment groups than in the conventional group (mean difference 0.11 per 100 patient-years, 95% CI 0.07-0.15, p<0.0001). The rates of macrovascular complications were not significantly different between the intensive treatment groups and the conventional group (mean difference 0.02 per 100 patient-years, 95% CI -0.02 to 0.06, p=0.12). The rates of all-cause mortality were not significantly different between the intensive treatment groups and the conventional group (mean difference 0.01 per 100 patient-years, 95% CI -0.01 to 0.03, p=0.32). The intensive treatment groups had significantly fewer complications than the conventional group (mean difference 0.11 per 100 patient-years, 95% CI 0.07-0.15, p<0.0001). The intensive treatment groups had significantly fewer complications than the conventional group (mean difference 0.11 per 100 patient-years, 95% CI 0.07-0.15, p<0.0001).

The screenshot shows the 'Metrics' section of an Altmetrics profile. It lists various metrics with their values and percentile rankings:

- Citations**: 13256 (99th Percentile)
- Field-Weighted Citation Impact**: 302.40
- Mendeley Readers**: 262 (99th Percentile)
- Blog post**: 1
- Tweets**: 8
- Mass Media story**: 1
- Mentions in 2 additional sources**: 2

At the bottom, there is a link to 'View all metrics' and a note: 'Select data provided by altmetric.com'.

Organizar la información: Mendeley



<http://www.mendeley.com/>

Acceso a Mendeley Institucional
UCM:

<http://biblioteca.ucm.es/gestoresbibliograficos>

- **Gestor de referencias y red social académica** que opera mediante un **software que se instala en el ordenador** o dispositivo móvil y se sincroniza con un servicio en línea.
- Su **versión normal** es gratuita. La **UCM** proporciona **acceso a la versión institucional**.
- **Permite importar referencias y documentos, generar bibliografías, editar textos con citas y referencias, compartir referencias con colegas y grupos.**
- Resulta especialmente útil para **gestionar documentos en PDF.**

¿Preguntas?



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Muchas gracias por vuestra atención

